

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/955,253	09/18/2001	Norbert Kreutz	B06090-D	1665
7	590 02/23/2004		EXAM	INER
Patent Department			DAWSON, GLENN K	
The Gillette Co				
Prudential Tower Building			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Boston, MA 02199			3761	12
			DATE MAILED: 02/23/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/955,253	KREUTZ ET AL.				
. Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Glenn K Dawson	3761				
The MAILING DATE of this communicati Period for Reply	on appears on the cover sheet wil	th the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communica  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CION.  CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a retion.  s, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty operiod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON y statute, cause the application to become AB.	pply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n <u>28 November 2003</u> .					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)	This action is non-final.					
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 50-60 and 74-77 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w 5) ⊠ Claim(s) 52,55-57,74 and 75 is/are allow 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 50,51,53,54,58-60 and 77 is/ar 7) ⊠ Claim(s) 76 is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction Application Papers	ithdrawn from consideration. ved. e rejected. and/or election requirement.					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Ex						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)[ Applicant may not request that any objection						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fa  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority doc  2. Certified copies of the priority doc  3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International  * See the attached detailed Office action for	uments have been received. uments have been received in A ne priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview S	summary (PTO-413)				
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-S)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11.</li> </ul>	Paper No(s	s)/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 09/955,253

Art Unit: 3761

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11-28-03 has been entered.

### **Double Patenting**

Claim 76 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate of claim 74. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

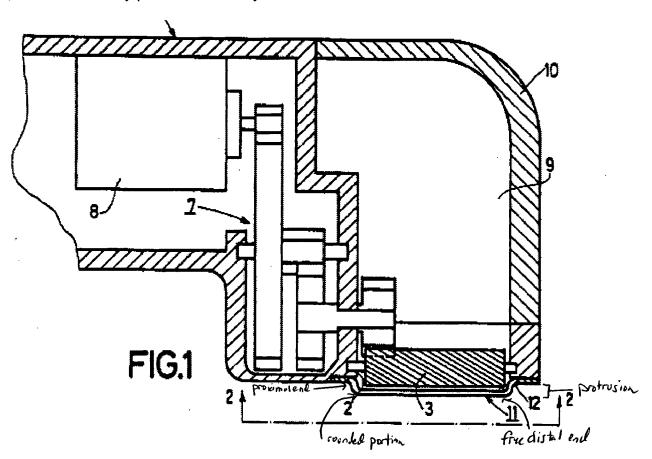
Claims 50,51,53 and 58 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Schneider, et al.-5041122 or Garenfeld, et al.-'849.

Schneider and Garenfeld both disclose equivalent depilation devices having housings with depilating rollers which grip and pull hair out of the skin and vibrating

Application/Control Number: 09/955,253

Art Unit: 3761

plates which exert mechanical vibration on the skin to mask the pain associated with hair removal. The plate has a planar perimeter carrier which has suspended between ends thereof flexible protrusions. The protrusions can be seen in the attached fig. 1. Regardless of what the plate is constructed of, the material, especially in the thickness shown, would inherently possess flexibility.



The motor, through a gear arrangement, operates the hair removal rollers and vibrates the carrier and protrusions to vibrate against the skin.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

Application/Control Number: 09/955,253

Art Unit: 3761

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 54,59,60 and 77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schneider, et al.-5041122 or Garenfeld, et al.-'849.

Schneider and Garenfeld both disclose the invention as claimed with the exception of the protrusions or carrier being made out of resilient plastic. As the applicant has not disclosed any criticality as to the use of resilient plastic, nor has any purpose or solving of a problem been associated with the use of plastic, and since the

Art Unit: 3761

examiner contends that even a metal material would work equally as well as the applicant's, the examiner contends that the use of a resilient plastic to make the plate of

either Schneider or Garenfeld would have been an obvious deign choice.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 52,55-57,74 and 75 are allowed.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 11-28-03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The protrusions of the prior art do have distal ends remote from the carrier. The limitation that the distal ends are "above" the proximal ends is met in that given no reference point, a user could hold the prior art housings in such a manner that the claimed configuration could be achieved.

The examiner is not stating that it would have been obvious to place flexible protrusions on the plate, but rather that the plate itself includes flexible protrusions.

Using a resilient plastic to form the plate would not render the plate ineffective for its intended purpose. A material that is "resilient" need not be easily flexed. It just needs to be deformable and returnable to its original orientation.

No interference will be initiated at this time due to the claims not being allowable to the applicant, and because the pending claims are not copied claims of the Caric patent, and are patentably distinct therefrom due to the patents inclusion of the vibrating means.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Glenn K Dawson whose telephone number is 703-308-4304. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael J. Milano can be reached on 703-308-2496. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Glenn K Dawson Primary Examiner Art Unit 3761

Gkd 18 February 2004